(च) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान श्रमिक उत्पादकता बढ़ाने के लिए सरकार द्वारा देश में किन-किन स्थानों पर ठोस कदम उठाए गए हैं ?

श्रम मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी० ए० संगमा) : (क) से (ग) 1985 के अमरीकी डॉलर के दर के अनुसार गणना किये गये प्रति व्यक्ति सकल घरेलू उत्पाद के आधार पर 1981–90 की अवधि के दौरान भारत में एक कर्मकार की उत्पादकता में 28.6 प्रतिशत की वृद्धि रिकार्ड की गई है। भारतीय कर्मकार का उत्पादकता स्तर पाकिस्तान के कर्मकार से कुछ कम परन्तु बांगला देश और श्रीलंका के कर्मकार से अधिक है।

(घ) इस मामले में विस्तार से कोई अध्ययन नहीं किया गया है। परन्तु राष्ट्रीय उत्पादकता परिषद के अनुभव से पता चलता है कि उत्पादकता और कर्मकार शिक्षा के मध्य एक सरकारी अंतःसंबंध है।

(ङ) किसी गहन अध्ययन के अभाव में कोई प्रामाणिक डाटा उपलब्ध नहीं है।

(च) कर्मकार की उत्पादकता में संवर्धन हेतु सरकार द्वारा की गयी पहल में केन्द्रीय श्रमिक शिक्षा बोर्ड के माध्यम से उत्पादकता के संबंध में विशेष कार्यक्रम आयोजित करना, मजदूरी को उत्पादकता से जोड़ना, राष्ट्रीय उत्पादकता परिषद के विभिन्न क्षेत्रीय केन्द्रों के माध्यम से कर्मकारों को प्रशिक्षण आदि शामिल हैं।

Committee of Secretaries Io Anti-Beedi Legislation

1834. SHRI V. HANUMANTHA RAO: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government propose to consider revocation of its approval to Anti-Beedi Legislation given in the Committee of Secretaries;

(b) whether it is fact that trade unions are anxious about this policy of Government ; and

(c) the steps proposed to remove the grievances of millions of beedi workers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA)): (a) No Sir. The proposed Legislation envisages ban on advertising, control over use and sale of tobacco products at certain places and warning about the harmful effects of tobacco on health.

(b) Some Organisations of beedi workers have represented agianst the proposed legislation.

(c) No steps are under consideration at present as it is felt that the proposed legislation may not significantly affect employment sutuation in the beedi industry for the present.

Outstanding Dues of Provident Fund

1835. SHRI DEBABRATA BISWAS : Will ths Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the firms or individual against whom arrears of Provident Fund exceeding rupees one lakh is outstanding; and

(b) the action taken by Government against them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF IHE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): There are 1,681 unexempted establishments which have arrears of PF dues exceeding Rs. 1 Iakh. The number of exempted establishments having default exceeding Rs. 10 lakhs is IOO. The information relating to the exempted establishments having arrears between Rs. one and ten lakhs is not available. As the number of defaulting establishments is quite large, it is somewhat difficult to furnish further details about the individual establishments.

(b) Necessary legal and penal aclion as provided under sections 7A, SB, 14 etc. of the E.P.F. and M.P. Act, 1952 and Section 406/409 of the **IPC** are already being taken to recover the clues outstanding •*st* the defaulting establishments.

Surplus Beedi Workers

1836. SHRI V. HANUMANTHA RAO : Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government propose to open separate offices to cater to the needs of surplus beedi and tobacco labourers; and

(b) if so, whether Government have made any constructive efforts to study the direct impr.ct of the proposals of Health Ministry to insist on banning sale of bee-dies and the advertisements of beedies ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) No Sir.

(b) The Government had organised a National Conference on Tobacco or Health on 27-28 luly, 1991, in which representatives from various Government and ron-Government Organisations, manu-facturers. tobacco growers, economists and leading NGOs participated. In the Conference, all the tobacco related issues were analysed in depth.